

Video

With the rise of Web and video conferencing, video surveillance and streaming media, video is now commonplace in the work environment. This increase in the use of video creates substantial new demand for quality-controlled bandwidth. In the past, IT departments increased capacity as needed by simply adding more raw bandwidth capability to the network, but that is not economically viable in today's media-rich environment. A better approach is required in which the network can dynamically allocate available bandwidth based upon business priority.

SDN

SDN holds the promise of streamlining operations within the data center to help deliver improved automation and better business agility. However, with different SDN approaches and evolving standards it is difficult to understand how to implement SDN. The approach touted to divide the control plane from data plane makes designing a network challenging. The ability of the network to allocate flows is now controlled. But how aggregation of flows with optimal network usage, coupled with dynamic movement of VMs, leaves a gap that most vendors have not yet tackled.

MODERNIZING THE NETWORK: AN APPLICATION FLUENT APPROACH

With bandwidth-intensive video applications, virtualization, and new devices being introduced into the enterprise at a rapid pace, it's critical that the network, including the data center, understands how to accommodate and dynamically adapt to these increasingly demanding workloads. Building on the model that Gartner calls "application fluency," Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise has adopted an application fluent approach toward the design of the next-generation data center network.

The Application Fluent Network is based upon a resilient architecture with automated controls in which the network dynamically adapts to the application, user and current device to provide a high-quality user experience, as well as simplified operations. This is achieved through a design that is built on three core pillars and is applied to the data center as follows:

- Resilient architecture: Simplifies the network through a data center fabric that provides low-latency connectivity, has a small footprint, and is ready for the convergence of storage traffic. Virtualization of the network allows for any-to-any connectivity, supports the definition of virtual data centers, and enables coexistence with the cloud. It also ensures resiliency due to localization of individual component failures, and offers built-in security.
- Automatic control: Includes the ability for applications to be managed as services, where the network understands each application, automatically adapts to VM movement, and dynamically determines how to treat individual application traffic flows.

- Streamlined operations: Offers automated, low-touch provisioning of top-of-rack switches and applications. The design provides vendor-agnostic integration between the application virtualization platform, orchestration, and network management platforms, with the lowest power consumption possible. It also must provide insight to potential congestion points based on VM movements. Management platforms need to monitor the top applications to offer optimal network connectivity in an ever changing data center environment.

According to Gartner, an application fluent and scalable network can help enterprises maintain business continuity and meet user SLAs⁴ by addressing both the internal and external forces that can impact application delivery. At the same time, an application fluent network can serve as a foundation for data center transformation, empowering the enterprise to evolve toward a more flexible, powerful and simplified computing environment.

A ROADMAP FOR APPLICATION FLUENCY IN THE DATA CENTER

Figure 1 depicts the path for moving from a client-server computing model to application fluency in the data center. The path includes two important milestones for corporations: responding to server virtualization with deployment of a switching fabric, followed by virtualizing the network itself. The diagram also highlights the network requirements imperative for success at each stage.

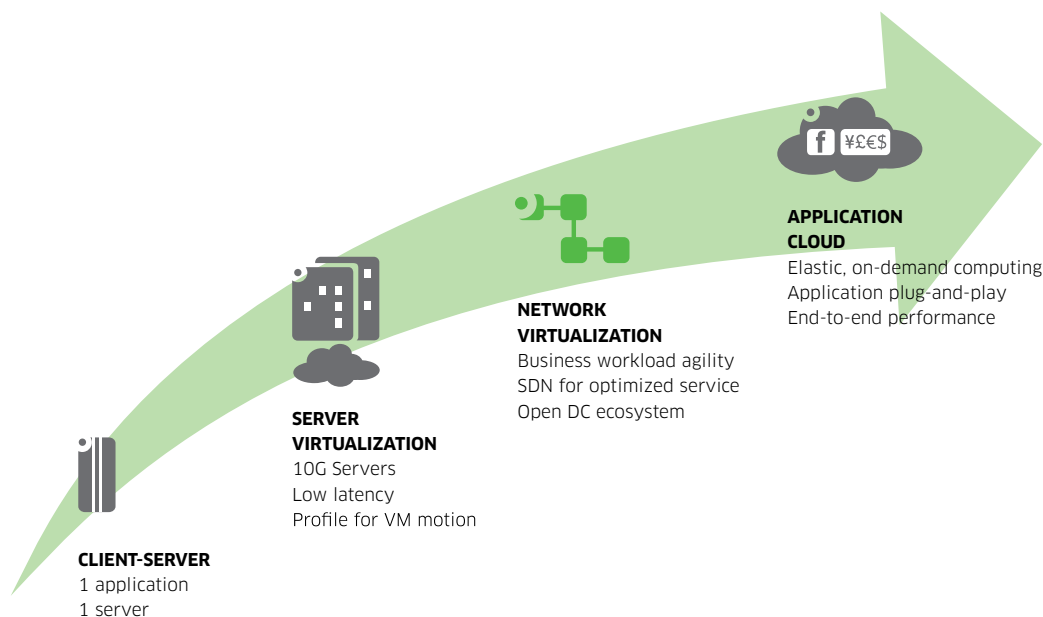
Many organizations have already made the critical first step toward application fluency with server virtualization. Unfortunately, many have not been able to reap all of the benefits of server virtualization because VM movement requires manual intervention to modify network provisioning. That is one reason why the network itself must be virtualization-ready as the next step on the path to complete the server virtualization phase.

A fabric enables the data center switching network to route traffic based on the optimal path in the network without being constrained by the underlying physical connectivity. A fabric delivers low-latency, any-to-any connectivity. Equally important, a true data center fabric must automatically adapt to VM movement to relieve IT of the burden of manually provisioning the network.

The choice of technology for the data center fabric is key to efficiently enabling a multisite data center and connectivity to public cloud services. Ideally, the technology would allow the data center network to appear as a single, logical fabric capable of being physically spread across several corporate sites. This ensures that IT has a more efficient, unified framework to manage operations across multiple data center sites. With all of the enterprise data centers connected in this way, the corporate data center is transformed, in effect, into a private multisite cloud. A fabric must also pave the way for convergence of storage and data onto Ethernet, eliminating the need for two separate networks in the data center. Also network management must provide application visibility across the network for monitoring and tuning needed for optimal network connectivity.

⁴ "User Survey Analysis: Network Challenges and Opportunities in Data Centers Through 2011," by Naresh Singh, November 22, 2010, Gartner.

Figure 1. The Roadmap to an Application Fluent Data Center



Convergence of storage and data onto Ethernet is expected to become more prevalent as 40GigE connectivity becomes more readily available. Key technologies, which include lossless Ethernet (also referred to as Data Center Bridging (DCB) and Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE)), are required to support the reliable storage over Ethernet. Any data center fabric deployed today should be ready to support these protocols.

Network virtualization intelligence brings the same level of automation to the network that is now possible at the application level. Automating the network allows the network to adapt to VM mobility and to dynamically adjust how it treats specific application traffic flows for a quality user experience. Virtualization will also bring programmability to the network, enabling the fabric to be an integral component of a data center's SDN architecture. In an SDN architecture, automation is now possible for the orchestration of server, network, storage and application resources, improving business agility, resource utilization and user experience all while reducing costs.

Ultimately, the ability to coordinate the delivery of security and treatment of application traffic flows in the data center and across the WAN, and 100GigE connectivity, will enable a true hybrid cloud model for corporations — one that allows organizations to mix and match resources as they see fit, while keeping mission-critical data on the premises.

THE FABRIC FOR CHANGE: BRINGING APPLICATION FLUENCY TO DATA CENTER SWITCHING

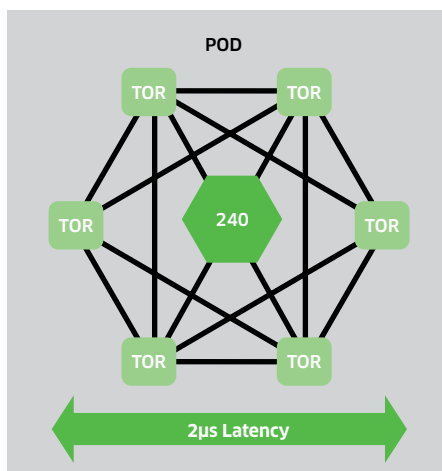
What does it take to move from a multi-tier switching hierarchy to a true fabric in the data center? It requires an innovative blueprint for application fluent data center switching that offers the low latency, high density and sustainable design that enterprises need as they evolve their data center network. It is essential that the blueprint offer an incremental ability to deploy the new fabric in the data center, while also incorporating the

essential capabilities for optimizing the user experience, improving network manageability, increasing agility and reducing costs. To deliver on these capabilities, Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise introduced its unique blueprint for application fluent data center switching, which includes the Alcatel-Lucent Pod and Alcatel-Lucent Mesh.

The Alcatel-Lucent Pod

Virtualization in the data center requires enterprises to optimize server-to-server traffic while striving to reduce costs. Alcatel-Lucent's Pod employs a unique direct-connect architecture for top-of-rack switches as shown in Figure 2. The Pod is a highly dense structure that allows server-to-server traffic to be delivered without the need for a core switch. The example shown in Figure 2 interconnects six top-of-rack switches delivering 240 server-facing ports while keeping latency between servers in the same pod at less than two microseconds. The technology used is Virtual Chassis, which allows all top-of-rack switches to be managed as a single device with one IP address. The Pod is a complete data center fabric for smaller organizations.

Figure 2. Alcatel-Lucent Pod

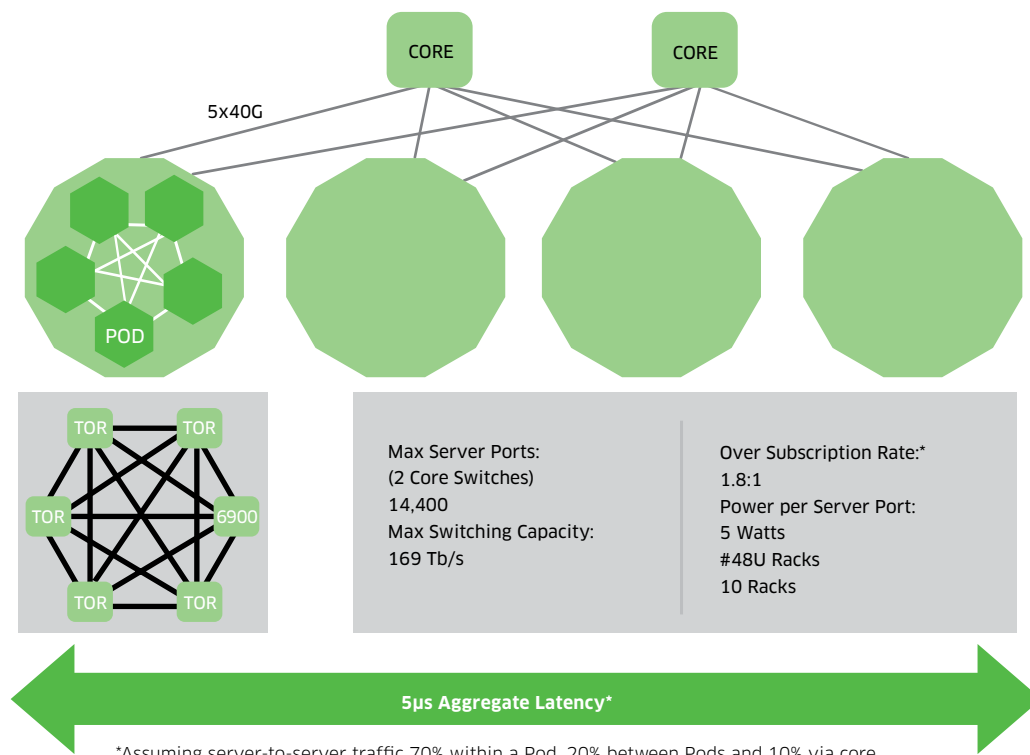


The Alcatel-Lucent Mesh

Alcatel-Lucent Mesh delivers a complete switching fabric for larger organizations that can bring together more than 14,000 server-facing ports with only two core switches, delivering aggregate end-to-end latency of five microseconds and unmatched resiliency.⁵ The Mesh is constructed by interconnecting Pods and core switches as shown in Figure 3. The technology used to create the Mesh is Shortest Path Bridging (SPB). SPB provides full interoperability with data center interconnect technologies for multisite private and public cloud deployments. The Mesh enables enterprises to create virtual data centers supporting defined workgroups or departments. The Mesh is SDN-enabled, providing an open environment via standards-based APIs to establish control links and provide visibility to SDN controllers and application control platforms, such as standard hypervisors. Also, the Mesh is ready for storage to be converged onto the same fabric with lossless Ethernet, FCoE or native Fibre Channel interfaces. For more information on Alcatel Lucent SDN solutions, see the [“Coordinated Virtual Infrastructure for SDN Enterprise Networks” white paper](#).

⁵ Assuming 70 percent of server-to-server traffic within a Pod, 20 percent between Pods and 10 percent via core

Figure 3. Alcatel-Lucent Mesh



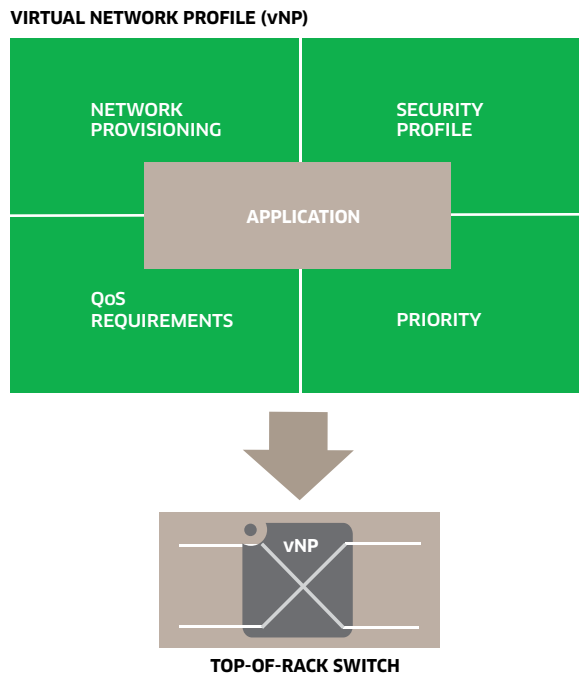
WHAT IS A NETWORK FABRIC?

Simply put, it is a flat network where every port is virtually connected to every other, providing high-speed, low-latency interconnectivity. It is operationally simple, allowing the network to be managed as a single entity rather than as individual components.

Virtual Network Profile (vNP)

The Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise Virtual Network Profile (vNP) is shown in Figure 4. Using vNP, the VM applications are managed as services where the network understands each application and can automatically adapt to optimize application performance, including automating the movement of VMs within the fabric, agnostic to the choice of server virtualization platform. The vNP contains the critical information the network needs to understand each application, including provisioning requirements, security profiles such as access control rights and VLAN assignment, expected QoS levels, the priority of the application with respect to other applications, and specific latency and jitter requirements. With this knowledge, the vNP can manage applications as services, enabling the network to automatically discover the location of each VM, bind a specific vNP to that VM, and provision the network for the applications, including modifying the network configuration to follow VM moves.

Figure 4. Virtual Network Profile



Service Monitoring

SAA is an embedded agent in the Alcatel-Lucent OmniSwitch™ devices that provides service monitoring. With active analysis, measurement of traffic performance for network delay or latency, packet loss, network delay variation (jitter), availability, one-way latency, as well as other network statistics is performed with ease. SAA can be used to verify SLAs for assisting in determining network health for VM connectivity. SAA reports on network performance and supplies statistics for utilization of QoS as needed.

OmniVista Virtual Machine Manager

Management is vital for the new dynamic data center. The OmniVista™ Virtual Machine Manager (VMM) is agnostic to network virtualization tools providing visibility to the entire network with critical insight to machine movements and to the top utilized applications. VMM can manage applications as services, including modifying the network configuration to follow VM moves.

With this knowledge, the Virtual Machine Manager SLA capabilities (VMM-SLA) can audit high CPU loads and correlates high network traffic performance across network devices over time. The OmniVista VMM understands the network traffic and the VM movement to help reap the full benefits for the new virtualized data center network.

ENABLING MULTISITE DATA CENTERS AND PRIVATE AND HYBRID CLOUD MODELS

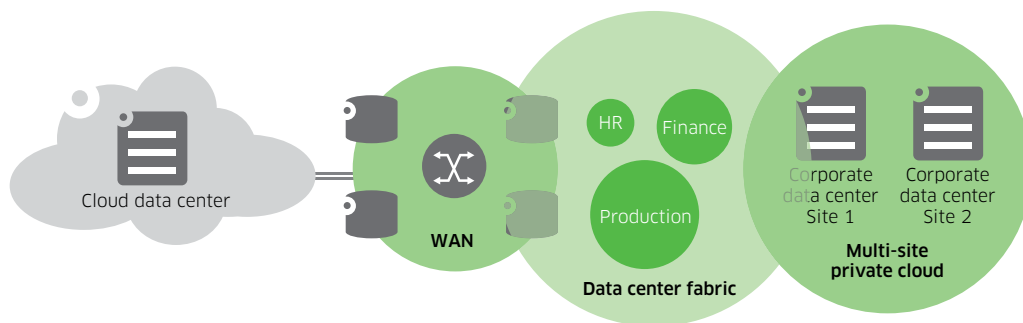
As enterprises move further along the application fluency roadmap, their data center fabric will enable them to begin taking greater advantage of the benefits of cloud computing: increased agility, faster provisioning and rollout of new services, simplified management and reduced costs.

Customers can begin preparing to leverage public cloud services by migrating their data center to a private cloud architecture, where IT resources are dynamically allocated across the business in an infrastructure-as-a-service model. This brings the benefits of fast deployment and scalability expected of the cloud, while still delivering the control and security that organizations desire. The blueprint of Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise lets enterprises transform the corporate data center into a multisite, private cloud by enabling the data center switching fabric to become one logical structure that can be physically spread across several corporate sites.

The fabric acting as one entity helps simplify management and improve security. The fabric can be partitioned to support virtual data centers for specific departments. An application or service can exist in more than one virtual data center and security can be applied differently within each virtual data center and at virtual data center boundaries. The virtual data center boundary is adjusted automatically to account for VM movement. It is critical for data center decision makers to make informed technology choices, such as SPB, to enable the corporate data center to become a multisite private cloud. Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise is working to drive the SPB standard for network virtualization, as it believes that this is the optimal strategy to enable a hybrid cloud model, shown in Figure 5.

In the hybrid cloud model, public cloud services are seamlessly delivered onto the data center fabric where they can be combined with local services to provide composite applications for users. The hybrid cloud model lets enterprises broaden the flexibility, availability and scalability of the IT environment without sacrificing the security and control available with a private cloud. To enable the flexibility needed for the hybrid cloud, the choice of a service provider-compatible virtualization technology, SPB, and the ability to manage applications-as-a-service with vNP are essential.

Figure 5. Hybrid Cloud Model



THE BENEFITS OF THE APPLICATION FLUENT DATA CENTER NETWORK

With the Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise Application Fluent Network, enterprises get the flexibility they need to move beyond costly client-server computing in a step-by-step, incremental manner starting with the deployment of a single Pod. Organizations can start to benefit from an application fluent data approach and manage applications-as-a-service across a range of data center deployment models, including multisite private clouds, dedicated virtual data centers and a hybrid cloud that integrates service provider offerings.

For enterprises, application fluency delivers benefits across the organization, from the end user to IT to the corporate bottom line. With an Application Fluent Network from Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise, organizations can:

Deliver a high-quality user experience:

- Meet the needs of virtualized applications with market-leading low latency
- Automatically optimize application performance through management-as-a-service capability
- Minimize downtime by localizing the effect of network failures with resilient direct-connect architecture

Increase agility:

- Optimize server utilization more rapidly and with fewer errors via automated VM movement
- Simplify application deployment and disaster recovery with automation
- Accelerate the rollout of new services

Reduce costs:

- Reduce capital and operational costs with a high-density, low-power-consuming network fabric
- Gain application performance visibility to reduce troubleshooting effort
- Streamline IT operations through automation and integration with standard hypervisors

CONCLUSION

The data center infrastructure is undergoing a rapid transformation to drive down costs and improve the end-user experience in the face of rapidly evolving technology trends. This is causing fundamental changes in how data centers are designed and how data center networks need to evolve. Not only do data center networks have to automatically adjust to meet the dynamic bandwidth requirements of media-rich applications like video, they also need to support a wider variety of devices and connectivity methods. At the same time, the network must be optimized for server and desktop virtualization.

Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise provides a new approach to networking in the data center — application fluency. Following this application fluent approach, Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise provides a new blueprint for a complete data center switching fabric, which extends the boundaries of the data center with an innovative direct-connect architecture. Leveraging market-leading scalability, low latency and low power consumption, enterprises can move beyond costly client-server computing by managing applications-as-a-service across a range of data center deployment models. The Alcatel Lucent Enterprise data center solution also provides the programmability required to participate in new SDN ecosystems that will be deployed in SDN-enabled data center architectures. This offers customers investment protection by leveraging Alcatel Lucent's innovative Application Fluent Network solution coupled with free software enhancements and evolving SDN solutions as SDN evolves.

The Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise Application Fluent Network helps enterprises ensure a high-quality end-user experience and more simplified operations. With the right approach and a trusted partner to work toward application fluency, enterprises can feel confident moving forward in their data center transformation.

ACRONYMS

DCB	Data Center Bridging
FCoE	Fibre Channel over Ethernet
QoS	quality of service
SAA	Service Assurance Agent
SDN	Software Defined Networking
SPB	Shortest Path Bridging
VLAN	virtual LAN
VM	virtual machine
VMM	Virtual Machine Manager
vNP	Virtual Network Profile